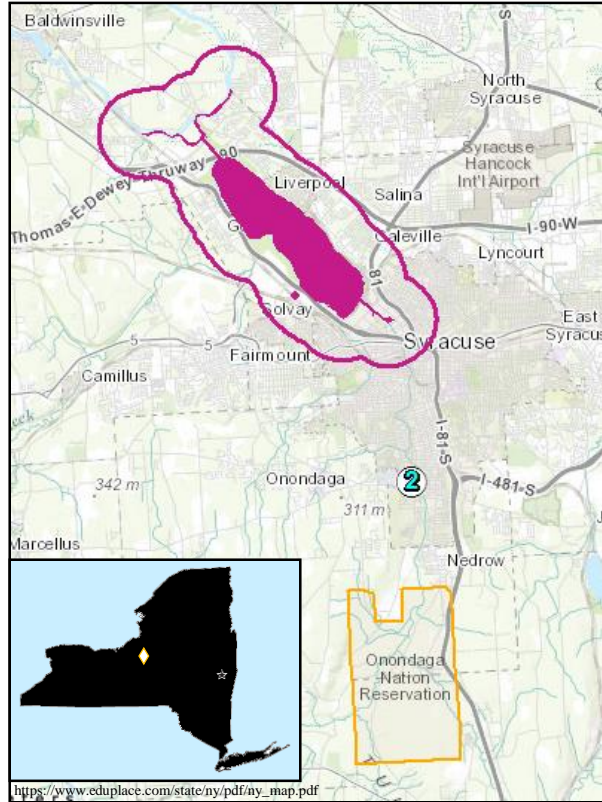




Onondaga Lake Superfund Site: Onondaga Nation

<p><u>Case Study:</u> <u>Tribe</u> <u>Information</u></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Onondaga Lake Superfund Site is located in central New York, near the Onondaga Nation. The lake holds cultural significance to multiple Tribal Nations. At the site, five Native Nations, including the Onondaga, came together to end warfare among themselves and created the Haudenosaunee Confederacy. The surrounding Tribes traditionally uses the lake waters and wetland areas for cultural and ceremonial practices. - NPL documents of interest may be available through ITEP’s resource library.
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<p><u>EPA NPL</u> <u>Status</u> <u>Information</u></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recent Site History: All of Onondaga Lake, which spans 4.5 miles (L) and 1 mile (W), its’ tributaries and upland hazardous sites are included in the superfund site. The lake received surface water discharges from various industrial processes and municipal waste water treatment plants. Discharge of mercury waste into the lake is well documented. The USEPA has identified multiple potentially responsible parties, including Allied Signal Inc. and the Hanlin Group.
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<p><u>Map Key</u> Native Lands — NPL Site ● 4 Mile Buffer —</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Response activities: The site was listed on the NPL in 1994. The next step is the remedial design /remedial action phase.
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<p><u>Primary</u> <u>Contaminants</u></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Aluminum - Mercury - PAHs - PCBs - Selenium - Zinc - There were 72 contaminants of concern found at this site.
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